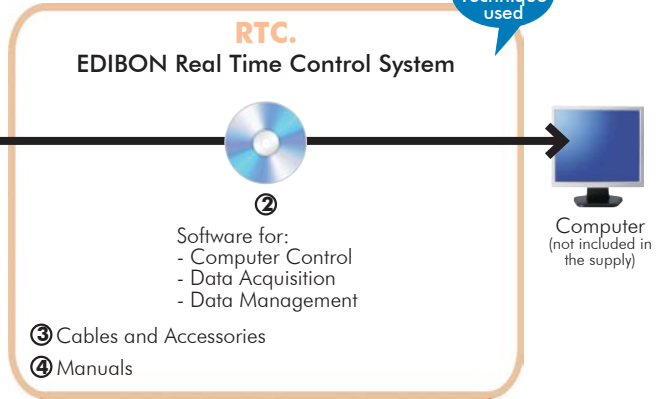
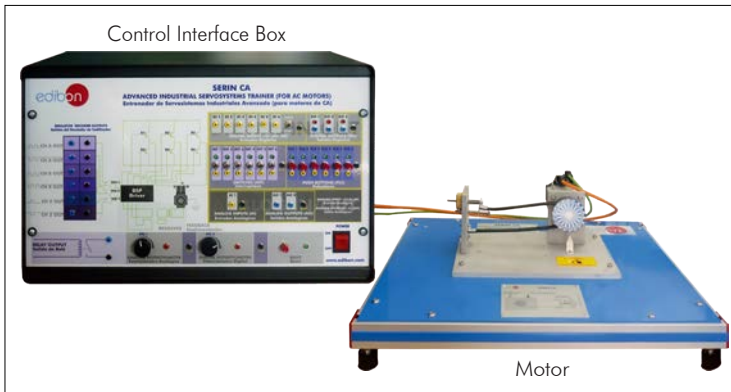


EDIBON PATENT

Teaching
Technique
used

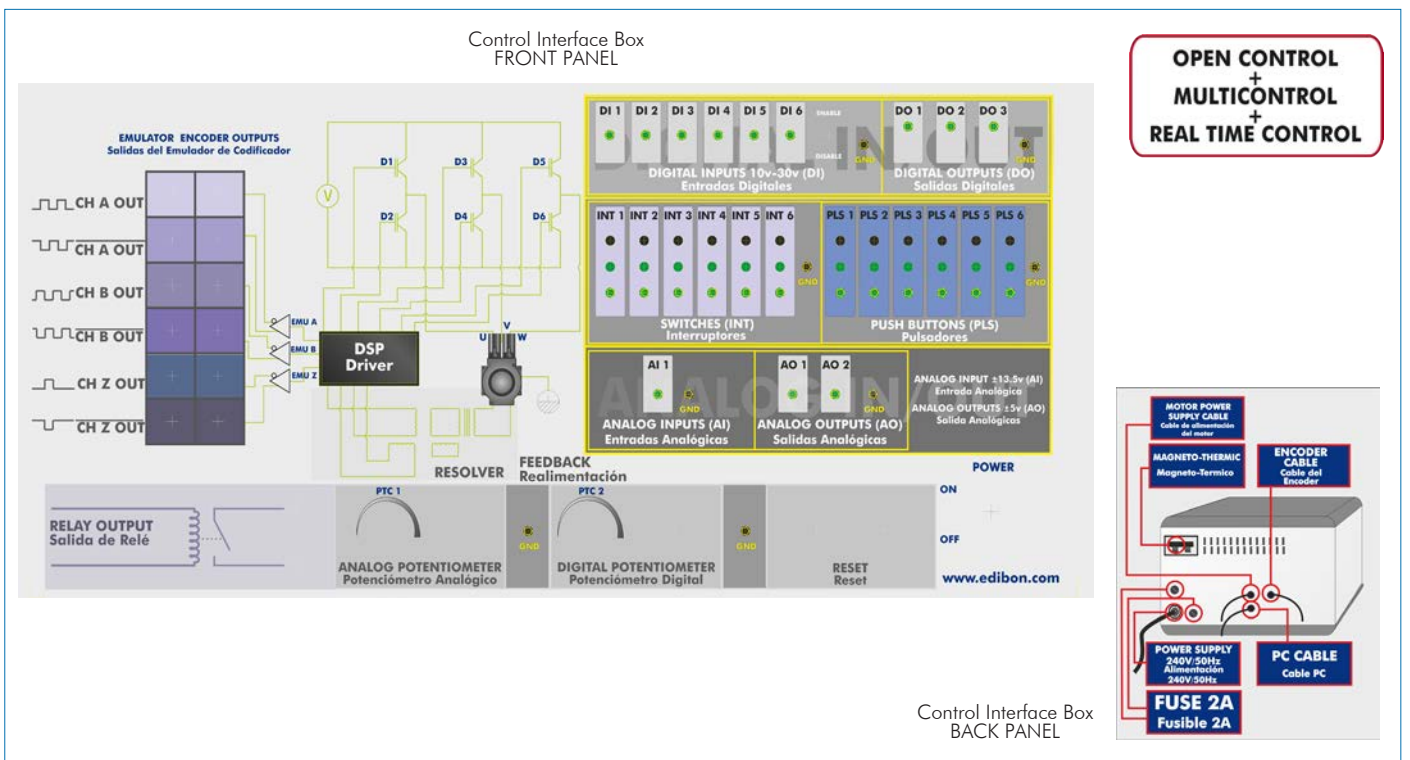


① Unit: SERIN/CA. Computer Controlled Advanced Industrial Servosystems Trainer (for AC Motors)

* Minimum supply always includes: 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 (Computer not included in the supply)

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PRODUCTS
ELECTRONICS

PROCESS DIAGRAM AND UNIT ELEMENTS ALLOCATION



ISO 9001: Quality Management (for Design, Manufacturing, Commercialization and After-sales service)



European Union Certificate (total safety)



Certificates ISO 14001 and ECO-Management and Audit Scheme (environmental management)



Certificate and Worlddidac Member

With this unit there are several options and possibilities:

- Main items: 1, 2, 3 and 4.
- Optional items: 5, 6 and 7.

Let us describe first the main items (1 to 4):

① **SERIN/CA. Unit:**

The “SERIN/CA” trainer consists on a Control Interface Box connected to a three-phase motor and to a computer (computer not included).

The control interface has a resolver for three-phase motors that controls the speed, position and current of the motor.

The RS232 communication between the control interface and the computer provides the “SERIN/CA” the possibility of commanding the motor from the computer and visualize the most important signals of the motor.

Velocity, Position and Torque Control.

It allows predefined moves and programming.

Control Interface Box:

Front panel:

Three digital outputs:

They have a green LED that indicates if the output is active or not. Two of them have some functions defined by defect, but they can be changed by any other function using the software.

Output 1: this output has the “Fault Reset” function enabled for defect. It can be used to indicate a problem with the drive.

Output 2: this output has the “Brake” function enabled.

Emulative encoder outputs:

Two pair of outputs (CH A Out, CH B Out and their respective denied outputs) that are TTL signals of incremental position generated by the resolver feedback. These outputs are in quadrature to simulate an optic encoder.

One pair of outputs (CH Z Out and their denied) that TTL works as marker of pulses.

Analog output 4 (relay):this output is a relay, and it belongs together with the output 4 that it can be in the software inside the I/O digital label.

Analog outputs of the DAC monitor: these analog outputs are monitored points of general character.

Each DAC monitor can be controlled by software to be a certain value of the internal variables.

Six digital inputs: digital inputs for those signals that are introduced to enable the different available functions in the software.

Six buttons:they are good to enable the digital inputs. When the button is pressed, the digital input will be activated, making what has been defined by the software.

Six switches: they have the same function as the buttons, but with the only difference that they are switches and, therefore, maintain the position fixed (open or closed).

Switch outfitter of digital inputs: there is a switch that enables the digital inputs. When the green LED is on, the inputs will be enabled.

Analog input: this input allows an analog use directly of the user. It is an A/D input.

Voltage supply: three sources of continuous in the unit. One of +24 V. DC, another of +12 V. DC and other of -12 V. DC.

Two potentiometers: they present three pegs.

Ignition switch: when the unit is on, the red LED is active an lighting.

Back panel:

Voltage supply that feeds the unit with 220 V of alternating current.

Three-phase output when solving: it is a three-phase output that feeds when you are solving and, therefore, allows their movement.

Connection port in series: it is a connection peg to connect the unit with the computer by the port in series, in order to allow the software to manage the encoder.

Connection with the feedback: it is a connection with the motor feedback. It allows the encoder to manage the motor.

Motor:

AC motor, 0.7 kW, 2.8 A ac, 4200 rpm, 320 V dc, 7.2 Nm, IP65, Sensor RESOLVER :1 Speed, 1X/RX, 3 phase.



Unit: SERIN/CA

② **SERIN/CA/CCSOF. Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software:**

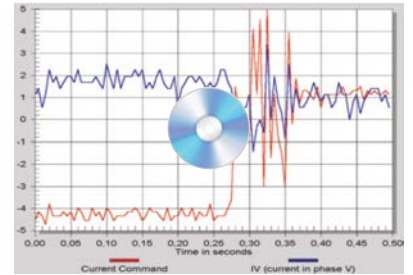
Compatible with actual Windows operating systems. Graphic and intuitive simulation of the process in screen. **Compatible with the industry standards.**

Registration and visualization of all process variables in an automatic and simultaneous way.

Flexible open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Comparative analysis of the obtained data, after the process and modification of the conditions during the process.



SERIN/CA/CCSOF

③ **Cables and Accessories**, for normal operation.

④ **Manuals:**

This unit is **supplied with 8 manuals**: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

*References 1 to 4 are the main items: SERIN/CA + SERIN/CA/CCSOF + Cables and Accessories + Manuals are included in the minimum supply for enabling normal and full operation.

EXERCISES AND PRACTICAL POSSIBILITIES TO BE DONE WITH THE MAIN ITEMS

- 1.- Homing.
- 2.- Clutch/Control.
- 3.- Turn movement (w/correction phase).
- 4.- Registration movements.
- 5.- Dry movements.
- 6.- Stop and blockade. Transitory states.
- 7.- Stop and blockade. Influence on the filtered velocity.
- 8.- Transitory velocity study.
- 9.- Feedback gain manage.
- 10.-Modification of Feedback Parameters and Phases U, V and W.
- 11.-Use and modification of the feedback filters.
- 12.-Phase voltages U, V and W showing.

REQUIRED SERVICES

- Electrical supply: single-phase, 220 V/50 Hz or 110 V/60 Hz.
- Computer.

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

- SERIN/CA:
- Control Interface Box:
- Dimensions: 490 x 330 x 310 mm approx.
(19.29 x 12.99 x 12.20 inches approx.)
 - Weight: 40 Kg approx.
(88 pounds approx.)
- Motor:
- Dimensions: 410 x 170 x 150 mm approx.
(16.14 x 6.69 x 5.90 inches approx.)
 - Weight: 5 Kg approx.
(11 pounds approx.)

AVAILABLE VERSIONS

- Offered in this catalogue:
- SERIN/CA. Computer Controlled Advanced Industrial Servosystems Trainer (for AC motors).
- Offered in other catalogues:
- SERIN/CC. Computer Controlled Advanced Industrial Servosystem Trainer (for DC Motors).
 - SERIN/CCB. Servosystems Basic Trainer (for DC Motors).

SOFTWARE MAIN SCREENS

RTC (Real Time Control System) Main screens

Input and Output Functions

Input and Output Functions screen

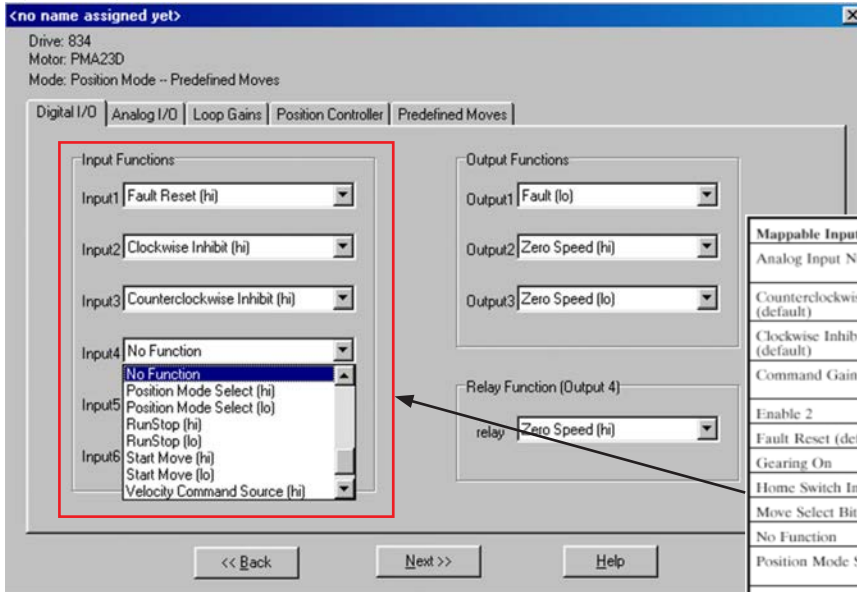


Table of available input functions

Mappable Input Function	Description
Analog Input Null	Nulls the analog input by setting ADOffset to old ADOffset minus AnalogIn
Counterclockwise Inhibit (default)	Inhibits motor motion in the counterclockwise direction when asserted
Clockwise Inhibit (default)	Inhibits motor motion in the clockwise direction when asserted
Command Gain Select	Switches the analog input scale factor between CmdGain and CmdGain2
Enable 2	Second enable function
Fault Reset (default)	Resets drive faults
Gearing On	Turns electronic gearing on
Home Switch Input	Home switch input for a homing move
Move Select Bit 0, 1, 2	Determines the active move
No Function	Turns off mappable input functionality
Position Mode Select	Switches the active mode of operation to position mode
Run Stop	Selects between normal operation and setting the velocity command to zero
Start Move	Initiates the preset move as defined by the current state of the MoveSelectBit inputs
Velocity Command Source	Selects between VelCmd and VelCmd2

Input and Output Functions screen

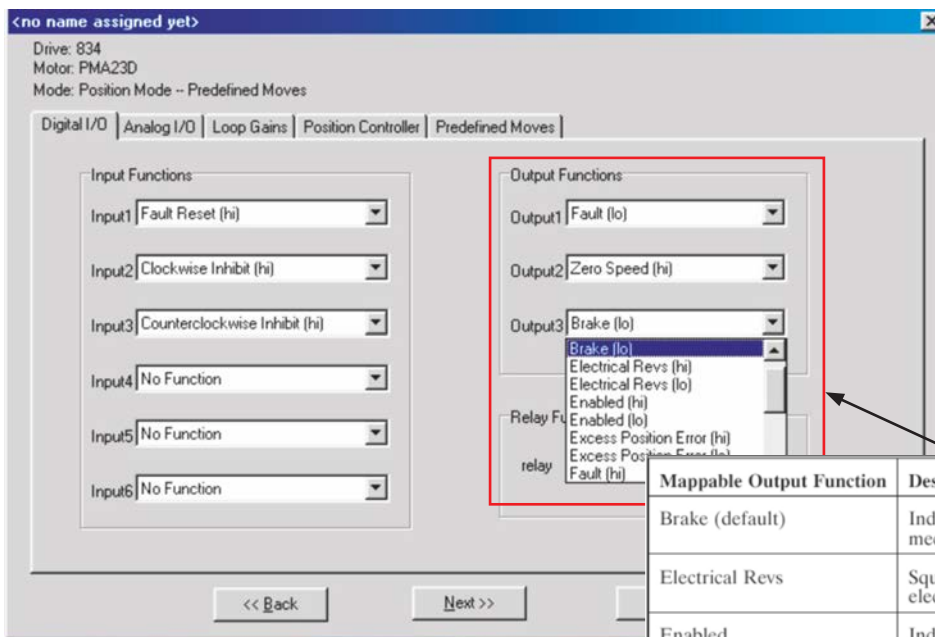


Table of available output functions

Mappable Output Function	Description
Brake (default)	Indicates when the motor is not powered and a mechanical brake is needed to hold the motor
Electrical Revs	Square wave whose frequency is equal to the motor electrical frequency
Enabled	Indicates whether power can flow to the motor
Excess Position Error	Asserted when there is excess following error for an extended period of time (following error limit is defined by PosErrorMax)
Fault (default)	Indicates whether the drive has faulted and is disabled
Mechanical Revs	Square wave whose frequency is equal to the resolver's electrical frequency which is typically equal to the mechanical Rev/sec
Move Done	Indicates that a move is complete.
No Function	Turns off mappable output functionality
Zero Speed	Activated when the motor's speed goes below the speed threshold set by the parameter ZeroSpeedThresh

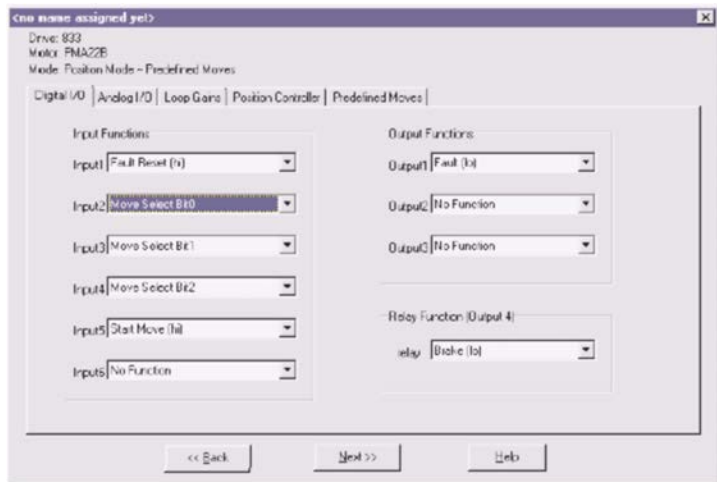
Select Operation Modes

Table of available Operation Modes

Mode of Operation	Command Source
Position Mode - Predefined Moves	Digital Inputs
Position Mode - Step and Direction	Step and Direction
Position Mode - Electronic Gearing	External Encoder
Velocity Mode - Analog Command	Differential Analog Input
Velocity Mode - Frequency Command	Frequency/Pulse
Velocity Mode - Serial Command	RS-232/RS-485
Torque Mode - Analog Command	Differential Analog Input
Torque Mode - Frequency Command	Frequency/Pulse

Position Mode-Predefined Moves

Position Mode-Predefined Moves screen. The active movement is selected according to the ModeSelectBit(s) and begins with a stage change in StartMove.



In this window the parameters associated to the pre-established movements can be configured

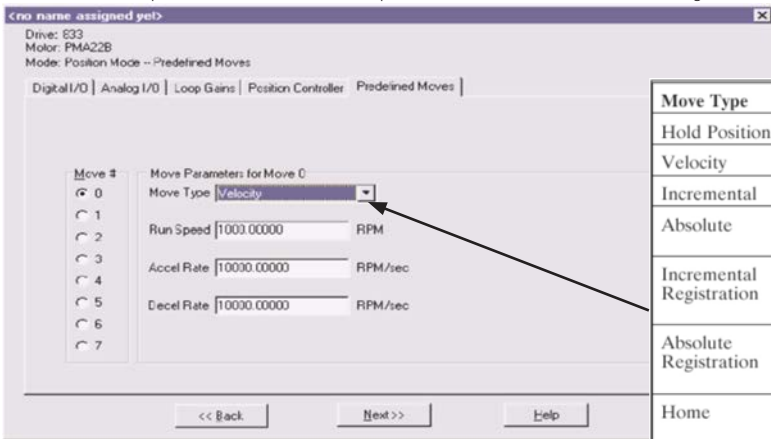
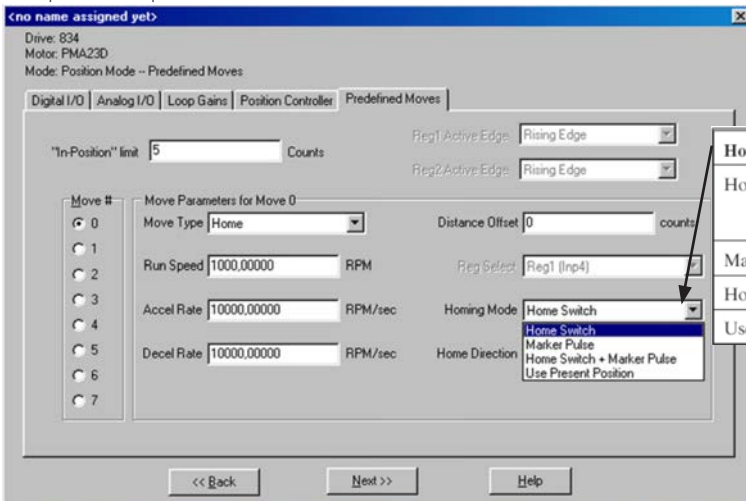


Table of available movements types

Move Type	Description
Hold Position	The motor aborts motion and holds position.
Velocity	The motor ramps up/down to a predefined runspeed.
Incremental	The motor travels a predefined distance.
Absolute	The motor travels to a predefined position relative to the home (0) position. (Turns gearing off)
Incremental Registration	The motor starts an incremental move. If a transition occurs on the registration input before the move is complete, the motor moves to the latched position + Distance Offset.
Absolute Registration	The motor starts an absolute move. If a transition occurs on the registration input before the move is complete, the motor moves to the latched position + Distance Offset. (Turns gearing off)
Home	The motor searches for a home reference, establishes a home position, and returns to the home position. (Turns gearing off)

Example of Home parameters screen



This table lists each one of the used references and describes how each one established the "home" position

Home reference	Description
Home Switch	Transition of Home Switch (Requires one of the Digital Inputs to be mapped to the HomeSwitch function.)
Marker Pulse	Internal resolver marker pulse*
Home Switch + Marker Pulse	Transition of Home Switch then marker pulse
Use Present Position	Current position is established as home position

Position Mode-Step and Direction

Drive: 834
Motor: PMA23D
Mode: Position Mode - Step and Direction

Digital I/O | Analog I/O | Loop Gains | Position Controller | Predefined Moves

Gearing Ratio - Step and Direction
Pulses Out: 16384
Pulses In: 250

Current Limits
Positive: 83 % of peak
Negative: 83 % of peak

Velocity Limits
High: 12551.83498 RPM
Low: -12551.83498 RPM

<< Back | Next >> | Help

Position mode-Electronic Gearing

Drive: 834
Motor: PMA23D
Mode: Position Mode - Electronic Gearing

Digital I/O | Analog I/O | Loop Gains | Position Controller | Predefined Moves

Gearing Ratio - Quadrature
Pulses Out: 0
Pulses In: 1

Current Limits
Positive: 83 % of peak
Negative: 83 % of peak

Velocity Limits
High: 12551.83498 RPM
Low: -12551.83498 RPM

<< Back | Next >> | Help

Velocity Mode-Analog Command

Drive: 834
Motor: PMA23D
Mode: Velocity Mode - Analog Command

Digital I/O | Analog I/O | Loop Gains | Velocity Controller

Gain and Offset
Command Gain: 1.00000 kRPM/volt
Offset Voltage: 0.00000 volts

Current Limits
Positive: 83 % of peak
Negative: 83 % of peak

Velocity Limits
High: 12551.83498 RPM
Low: -12551.83498 RPM

Accel / Decel Limits
Accel: 1000000000.00000 RPM/Sec
Decel: 1000000000.00000 RPM/Sec

<< Back | Next >> | Help

Torque Mode-Frequency Mode

Drive: 834
Motor: PMA23D
Mode: Torque Mode - Analog Command

Digital I/O | Analog I/O | Loop Gains | Torque Controller

Gain and Offset
Command Gain: 1.00000 amps/volt
Offset Voltage: 0.00000 volts

Current Limits
Positive: 83 % of peak
Negative: 83 % of peak

<< Back | Next >> | Help

Parameters Adjustment

Oscilloscope Manual Management

Example of some configuration and visualization screens

The image shows two overlapping software windows. The background window is 'On-Line Drive Configuration' for Drive: 833, Motor: PMA22B. It features sections for 'Variables and Parameters' (with fields for Kvp, Kvn, Kvp, Kvv, StartMove, ActiveMoveType) and 'Commands' (with buttons for NVLoad, NVSave, Unconfigure). The foreground window is 'Parameters Adjustment' for Drive: 834, Motor: PMA23D, Mode: Position Mode - Step and Direction. It shows 'Move Parameters for Move 0' with fields for Move Type (Incremental), Run Speed (1000.00000 RPM), Accel Rate (10000.00000 RPM/Sec), Decel Rate (10000.00000 RPM/Sec), and Distance (655.36 counts). A 'Print' dialog box is also visible, offering options to 'Save To File', 'Download To Drive', or 'Print'.

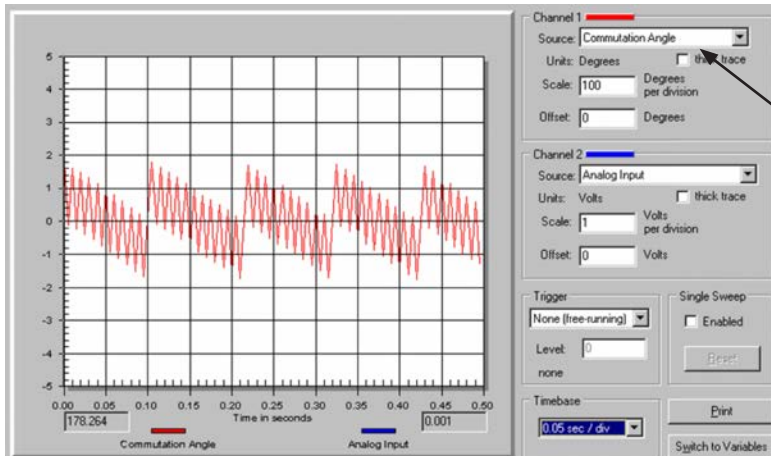


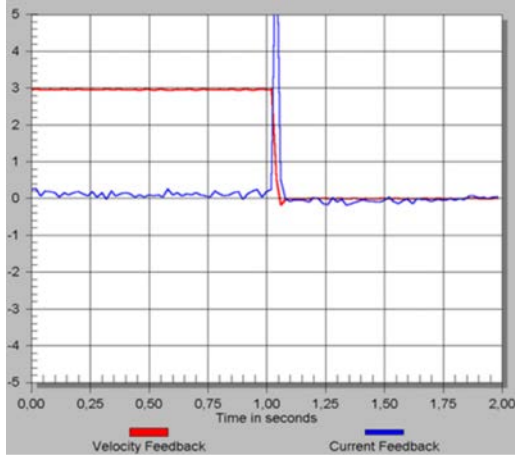
Table of visualization possibilities:

- Analog Input
- Analog Output
- Cmd Non_Trq Current
- Commutation Angle
- Current Command
- Current Feedback
- Encoder Frequency
- Filtered Velocity Error
- HS Temperature
- I^h Filtered Current
- IU (current in phase U)
- IV (current in phase V)
- IW (current in phase W)
- Non-Trq IFB
- Non-Trq Voltage Cmd
- Respos
- Trq Voltage Cmd
- VBus
- Velocity Command
- Velocity Command (actual)
- Velocity Error
- Velocity Feedback
- VU (voltage in phase U)
- VW (voltage in phase W)

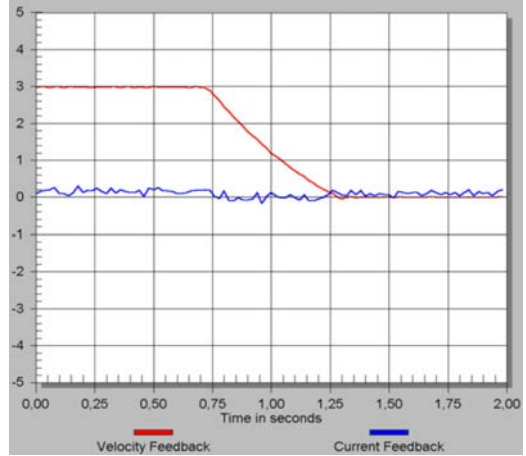
SOME REAL RESULTS OBTAINED FROM THIS UNIT

Stop and blockade. Transitory states

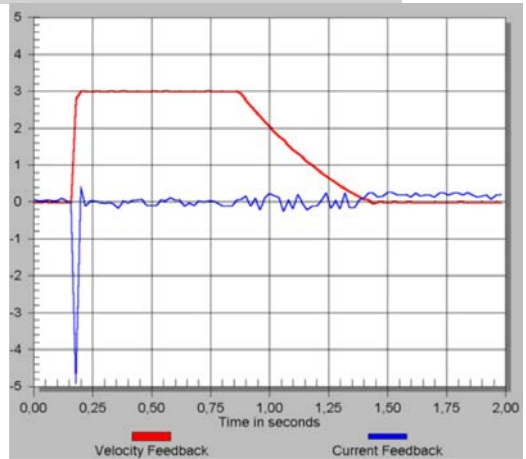
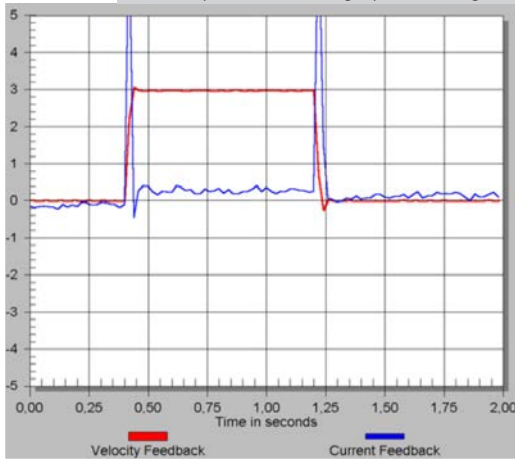
1.- The movement is blocked with Counter Clockwise. It can be seen how the feedback velocity stop suddenly



2.- The movement is activated again and now it stop with Fault Reset. It can be seen how the feedback velocity descends exponentially until it is being annulled

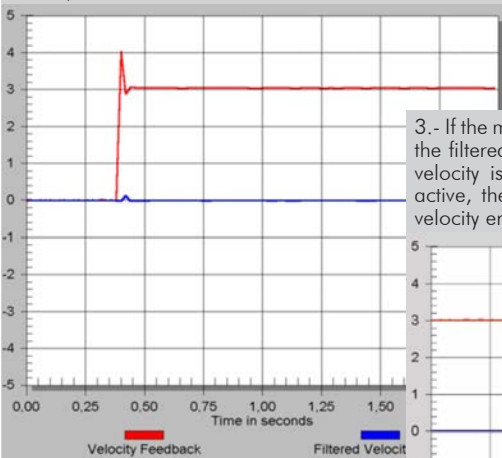


3.- If we put in the same graphic the beginning of the movement and then its detention, it can be seen like this:

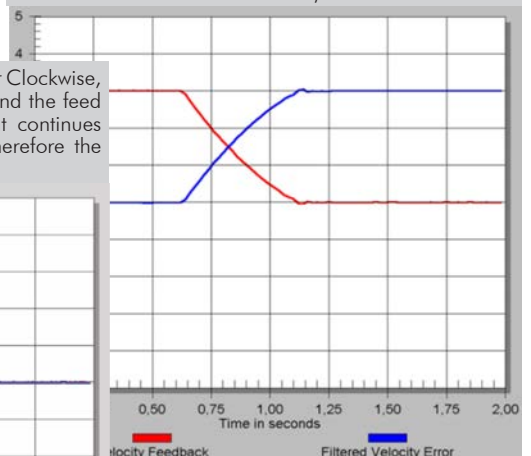


Stop and blockade. Influence on the filtered velocity

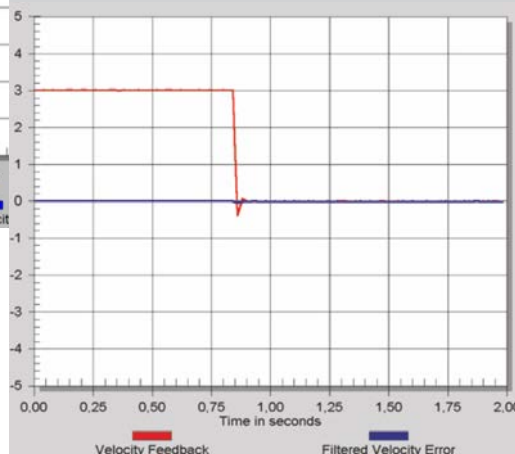
1.- Example of initial movement graph, in which the filtered velocity error has a blue color and the feedback velocity has a red color



2.- If the movement stops by Fault Reset, the filtered error velocity passes from 0 to have the feedback velocity (in this case 3000 rpm). Nothing is filtering and there is an error velocity. We can appreciate the exponential growth of the filtered error velocity, as well as the exponential decrement of the feedback velocity

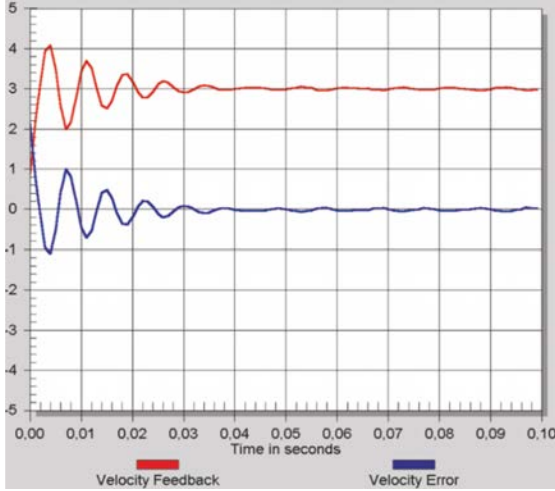


3.- If the movement is blocked by the Counter Clockwise, the filtered velocity error continue being 0 and the feed velocity is also annulled. As the movement continues active, the driver continues filtering, and therefore the velocity error will continue null.

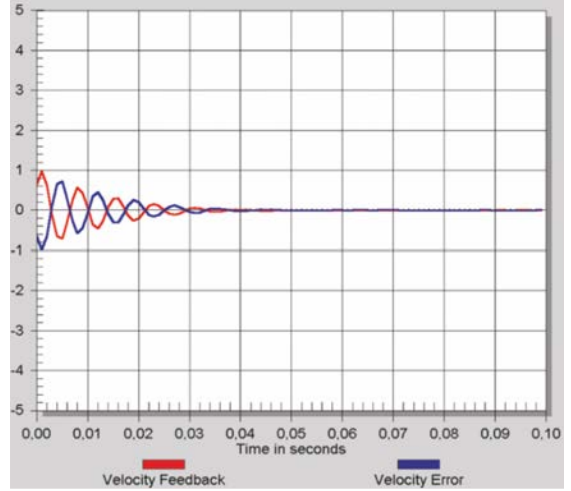


Transitory velocity study

Example of a graph. The movement has started and in the graph the transitory states of the feedback velocity can be seen until the wanted velocity is stabilized. When there is a maximum of feedback velocity, there is also a minimum of error velocity and viceversa.

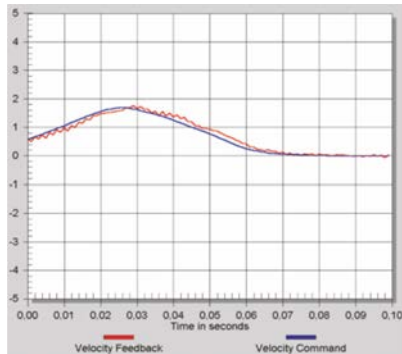


Example of a graph. Transitories are created in the feedback velocity when their values falls. The velocity error also presents transitory. When there are maximums in the feedback sinusoid of velocity, minimums are presented in the error velocity and viceversa.



Transitory velocity study

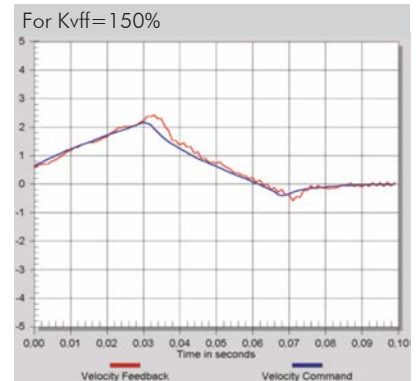
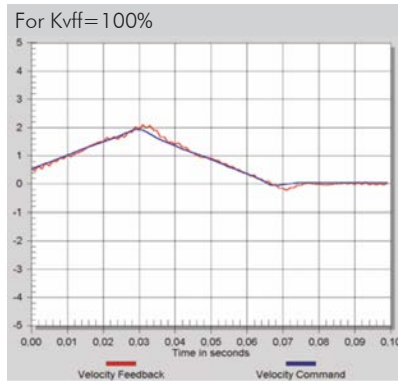
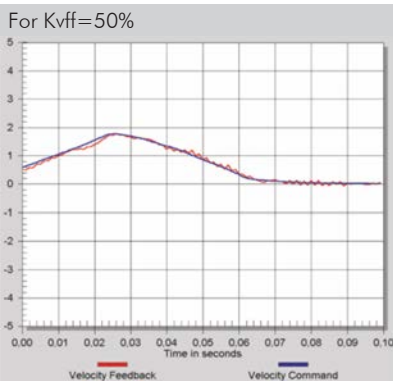
Example of some exercises:



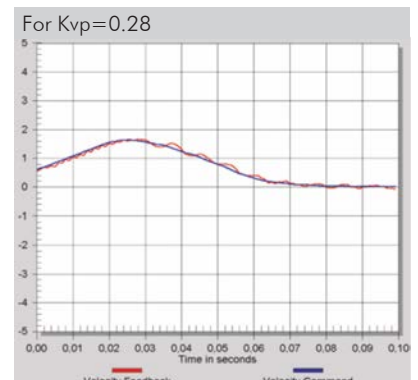
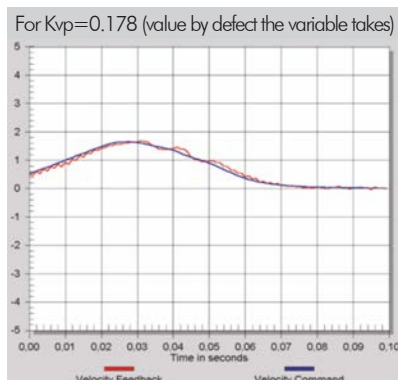
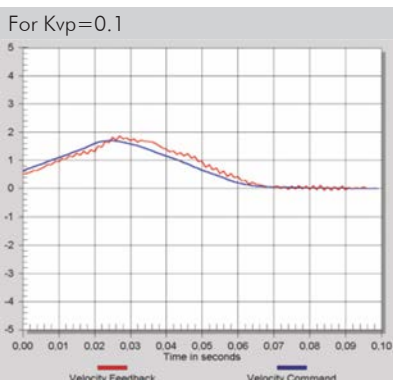
Initial Graph.
Graph obtained following this procedure:
1.-Selection: Pulses out=16384 Pulses in=1024
2.-In Digital I/O are chosen these variables:
-Fault Reset, -Gearing On, -Start Move
3.-In the Predefined Moves option these movements are chosen: Move 0 and Move 1, incremental type. And in the Distance box=16384.

We can observe that the feedback velocity goes a little retarded in comparison with the normal velocity. Both signals make a curve in the highest point. The form is sinusoidal. The feedback velocity produces a slight curl around the normal velocity.

Now Kvff modifies (initially it has a null value) to see how it influences the velocities:

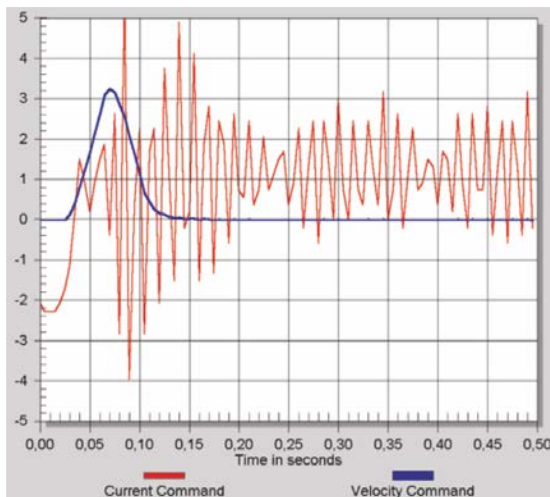


If we modify the Kvp value, we see that the feedback velocity approaches more or less the normal velocity:



Modification of Feedback parameters and phases U, V and W

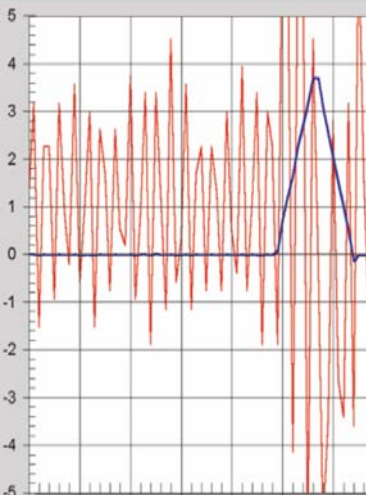
Example of some exercises:



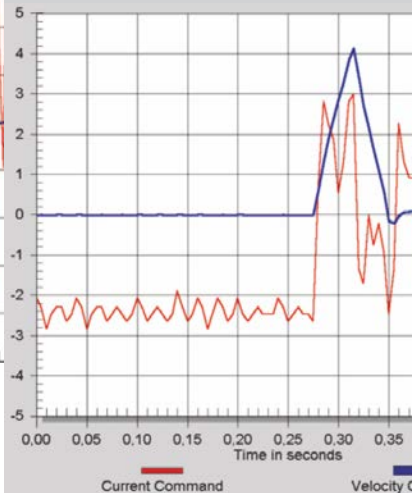
Initial Graph.
Graph obtained following this procedure:
1.-Selection: Pulses out=16384 Pulses in=1024
2.-In Digital I/O are chosen these variables:
-Fault Reset, -Gearing On, -Start Move
3.-In the Predefined Moves option these movements are chosen: Move 0 and Move 1, incremental type. And in the Distance box= 16384.
4.-In the oscilloscope these variables are chosen:
Channel1:Current Command. Scale=0.1
Channel 2: Velocity Command. Scale=100
Timebase= 0.05 sec/div
5.-Initially they take the values: $K_{vff}=0$ and $K_{vp}=0.08$

This graph comes out for $K_{vff}=0\%$ and $K_{vp}=0.28$

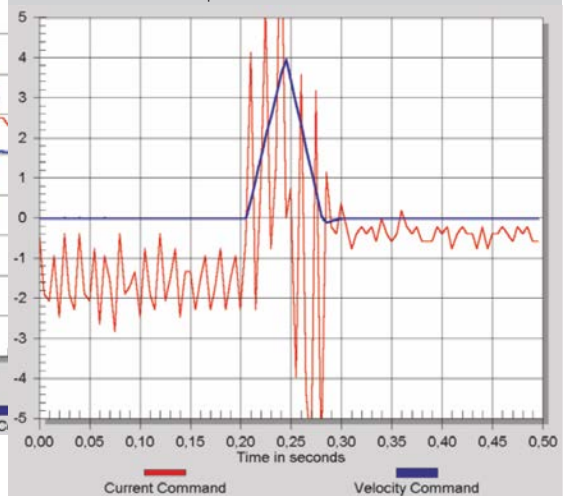
For $K_{vff}=100$ and $K_{vp}=0.28$:



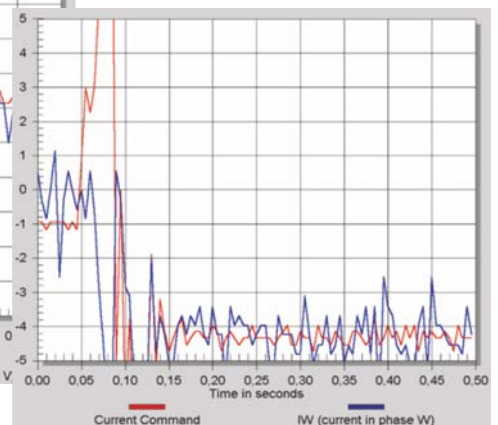
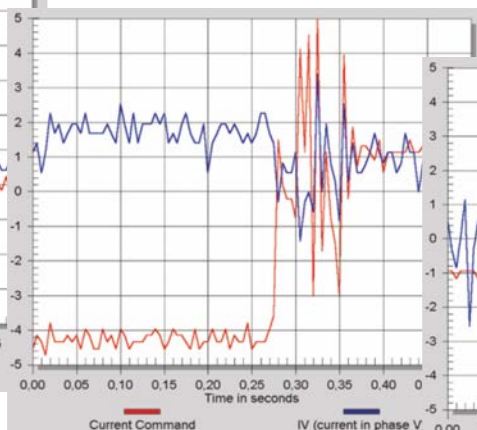
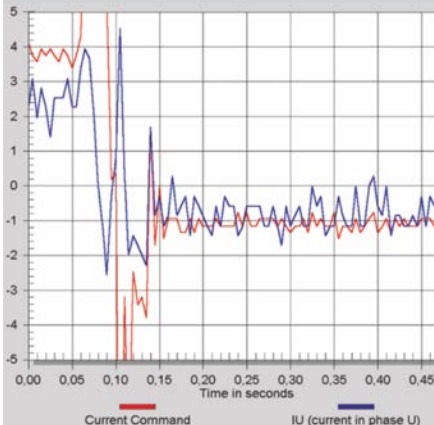
For $K_{vff}=100$ and $K_{vp}=0.08$:



For $K_{vff}=100$ and $K_{vp}=0.178$:



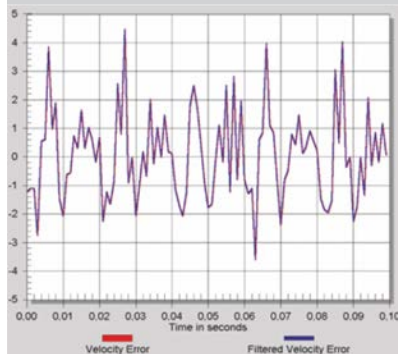
Now one the oscilloscope channels is changed: Channel 2= current in phase U, Channel 2=current in phase V, Channel 2=current in phase W. It be seen how the current goes through the 3 stages.



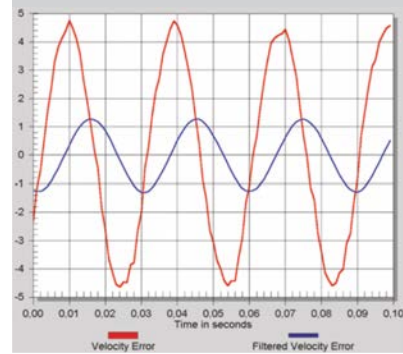
Use and Modification of the Feedback Filters

Examples for comparing the differences between the error velocity and the filtered error velocity:

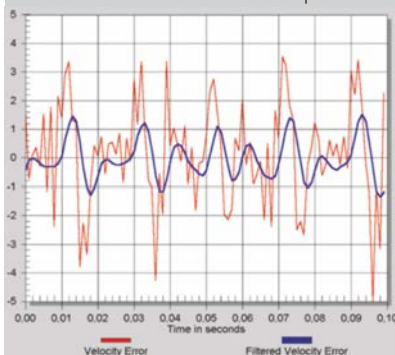
1.-There is not error velocity filtration, for this reason, the same values in both signals are obtained:



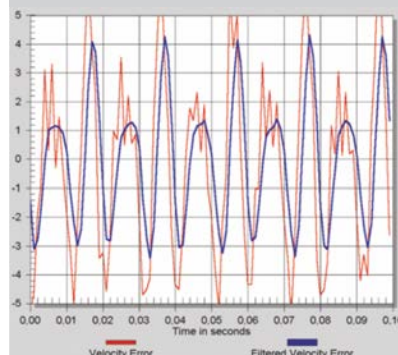
2.-The filters value is changed to ARF0=10Hz and ARF1=350Hz:



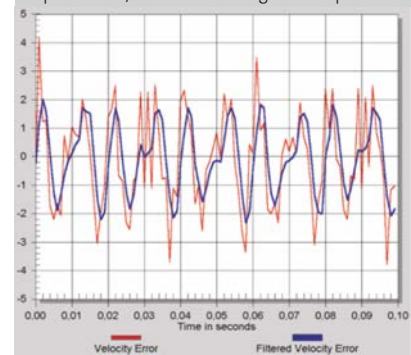
3.-Now the ARF0 value increases up to 50Hz:



4.-Now the ARF0=200Hz and ARF1=350Hz



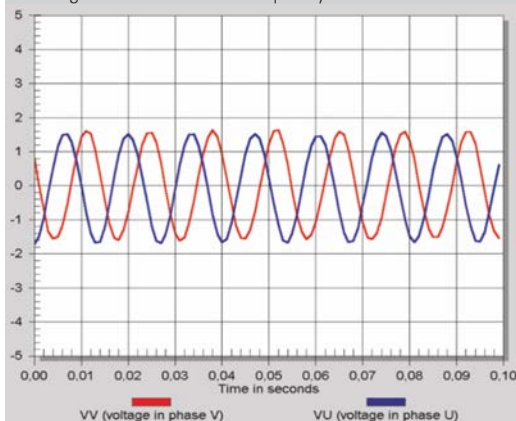
5.-We modify the Kvp value, initially it has a Kvp=0.178, and now changes to Kvp=0.1



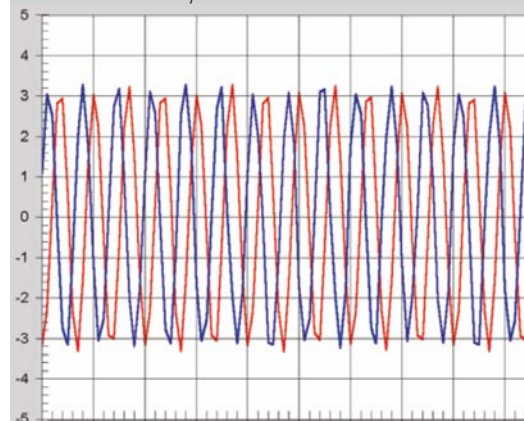
Phase voltages U, V and W showing

Examples for seeing and comparing the phases 2 by 2

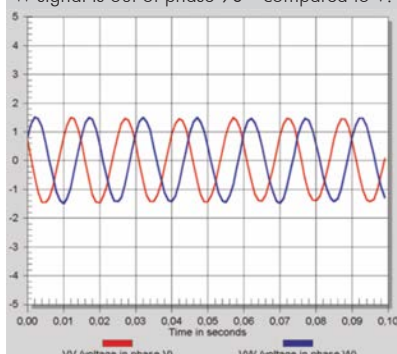
1.- Channel 1=phase Voltage V and Channel 2= phase Voltage U. V is out of phase more than 90° compared to U. Both signals have the same frequency and the same width:



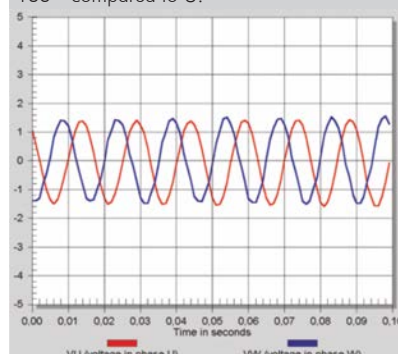
2.- Now the velocity is increased:



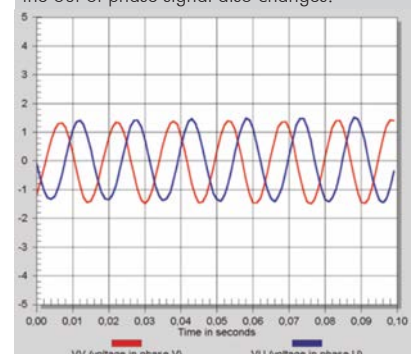
3.- Channels are changed. Channel 1=phase Voltage V and Channel 2=phase Voltage W. W signal is out of phase 90° compared to V:



4.- Channel 1=phase Voltage U and Channel 2=phase Voltage W. W signal is out of phase 135° compared to U:



5.- When the sense of the velocity changes, the out of phase signal also changes:



COMPLETE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (for optional items)

Additionally to the main items (1 to 4) described, we can offer, as optional, other items from 5 to 7.

All these items try to give more possibilities for:

- a) Technical and Vocational Education configuration. (ICAI)
- b) Multipost Expansions options. (MINI ESN and ESN)

a) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

⑤ **SERIN/CA/ICAI. Interactive Computer Aided Instruction Software System.**

This complete software package consists of an Instructor Software (EDIBON Classroom Manager - ECM-SOF) totally integrated with the Student Software (EDIBON Student Labsoft - ESL-SOF). Both are interconnected so that the teacher knows at any moment what is the theoretical and practical knowledge of the students.

This software is optional and can be used additionally to items (1 to 4).

- ECM-SOF. EDIBON Classroom Manager (Instructor Software).

ECM-SOF is the application that allows the Instructor to register students, manage and assign tasks for workgroups, create own content to carry out Practical Exercises, choose one of the evaluation methods to check the Student knowledge and monitor the progression related to the planned tasks for individual students, workgroups, units, etc... so the teacher can know in real time the level of understanding of any student in the classroom.

Innovative features:

- User Data Base Management.
- Administration and assignment of Workgroup, Task and Training sessions.
- Creation and Integration of Practical Exercises and Multimedia Resources.
- Custom Design of Evaluation Methods.
- Creation and assignment of Formulas & Equations.
- Equation System Solver Engine.
- Updatable Contents.
- Report generation, User Progression Monitoring and Statistics.

- ESL-SOF. EDIBON Student Labsoft (Student Software).

ESL-SOF is the application addressed to the Students that helps them to understand theoretical concepts by means of practical exercises and to prove their knowledge and progression by performing tests and calculations in addition to Multimedia Resources. Default planned tasks and an Open workgroup are provided by EDIBON to allow the students start working from the first session. Reports and statistics are available to know their progression at any time, as well as explanations for every exercise to reinforce the theoretically acquired technical knowledge.

Innovative features:

- Student Log-In & Self-Registration.
- Existing Tasks checking & Monitoring.
- Default contents & scheduled tasks available to be used from the first session.
- Practical Exercises accomplishment by following the Manual provided by EDIBON.
- Evaluation Methods to prove your knowledge and progression.
- Test self-correction.
- Calculations computing and plotting.
- Equation System Solver Engine.
- User Monitoring Learning & Printable Reports.
- Multimedia-Supported auxiliary resources.

For more information see ICAI catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/en/files/expansion/ICAI/catalog

Instructor Software



ECM-SOF. EDIBON Classroom Manager (Instructor Software) Application Main Screen

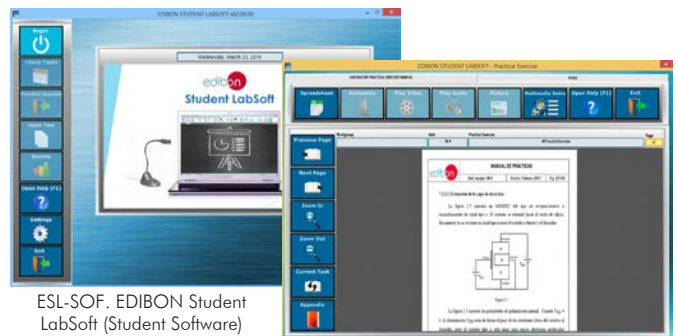
ECAL. EDIBON Calculations Program Package - Formula Editor Screen



ERS. EDIBON Results & Statistics Program Package - Student Scores Histogram

ETTE. EDIBON Training Test & Exam Program Package - Main Screen with Numeric Result Question

Student Software



ESL-SOF. EDIBON Student LabSoft (Student Software) Application Main Screen

EPE. EDIBON Practical Exercise Program Package Main Screen



ERS. EDIBON Results & Statistics Program Package - Question Explanation

ECAL. EDIBON Calculations Program Package Main Screen

b) Multipost Expansions options

⑥ **MINI ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System for being used with EDIBON Teaching Units.**

MINI ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System allows up to 30 students to work with a Teaching Unit in any laboratory, simultaneously. It is useful for both, Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education.

The MINI ESN system consists of the adaptation of any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA integrated in a local network.

This system allows to view/control the unit remotely, from any computer integrated in the local net (in the classroom), through the main computer connected to the unit. Then, the number of possible users who can work with the same unit is higher than in an usual way of working (usually only one).

Main characteristics:

- It allows up to 30 students to work simultaneously with the EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA, connected in a local net.
- Open Control + Multicontrol + Real Time Control + Multi Student Post.
- Instructor controls and explains to all students at the same time.
- Any user/student can work doing "real time" control/multicontrol and visualisation.
- Instructor can see in the computer what any user/student is doing in the unit.
- Continuous communication between the instructor and all the users/students connected.

Main advantages:

- It allows an easier and quicker understanding.
- This system allows you can save time and cost.
- Future expansions with more EDIBON Units.

For more information see MINI ESN catalogue. Click on the following link:

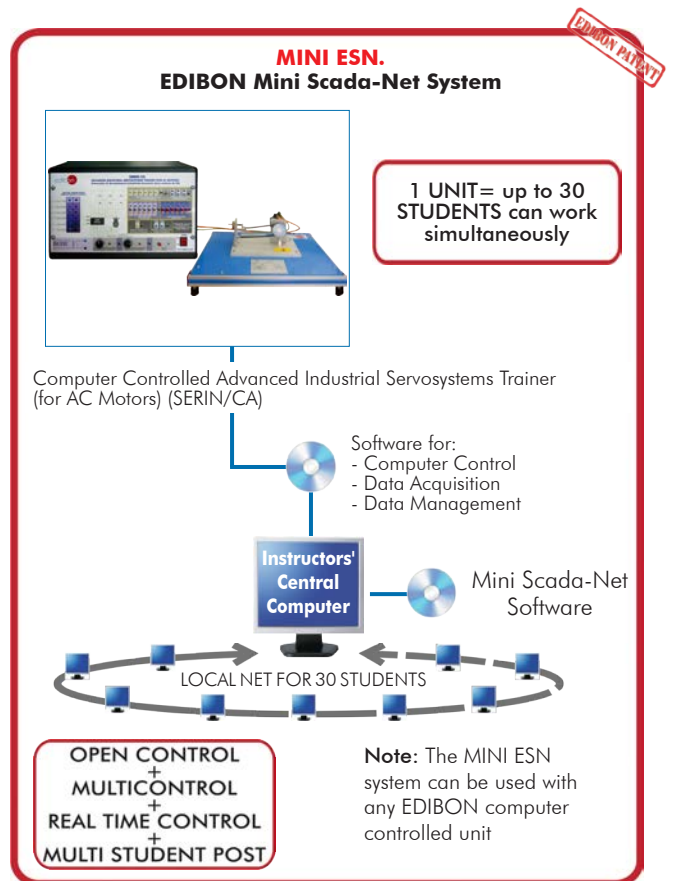
www.edibon.com/en/files/expansion/MINI-ESN/catalog

⑦ **ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net Systems.**

This unit can be integrated, in the future, into a Complete Laboratory with many Units and many Students.

For more information see ESN catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/en/files/expansion/ESN/catalog



ORDER INFORMATION

Main items (always included in the supply)

Minimum supply always includes:

- ① **Unit: SERIN/CA. Computer Controlled Advanced Industrial Servosystems Trainer (for AC Motors).**
- ② **SERIN/CA/CCSOF. Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software.**
- ③ **Cables and Accessories**, for normal operation.
- ④ **Manuals.**

*IMPORTANT: Under SERIN/CA we always supply all the elements for immediate running as 1, 2, 3 and 4.

Optional items (supplied under specific order)

a) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

- ⑤ SERIN/CA/ICAL. Interactive Computer Aided Instruction Software System.

b) Multipost Expansions options

- ⑥ MINI ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System for being used with EDIBON Teaching Units.
- ⑦ ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net Systems.

①SERIN/CA. Unit:

The "SERIN/CA" trainer consists on a Control Interface Box connected to a three-phase motor and to a computer (computer not included).

The control interface has a resolver for three-phase motors that controls the speed, position and current of the motor.

The RS232 communication between the control interface and the computer provides the "SERIN/CA" the possibility of commanding the motor from the computer and visualize the most important signals of the motor.

Velocity, Position and Torque Control.

It allows predefined moves and programming.

Control Interface Box:

Front panel:

Three digital outputs:

They have a green LED that indicates if the output is active or not. Two of them have some functions defined by defect, but they can be changed by any other function using the software.

Output 1: this output has the "Fault Reset" function enabled for defect. It can be used to indicate a problem with the drive.

Output 2: this output has the "Brake" function enabled.

Emulative encoder outputs:

Two pair of outputs (CH A Out, CH B Out and their respective denied outputs) that are TTL signals of incremental position generated by the resolver feedback. These outputs are in quadrature to simulate an optic encoder.

One pair of outputs (CH Z Out and their denied) that TTL works as marker of pulses.

Analog output 4 (relay):this output is a relay, and it belongs together with the output 4 that it can be in the software inside the I/O digital label.

Analog outputs of the DAC monitor: these analog outputs are monitored points of general character.

Each DAC monitor can be controlled by software to be a certain value of the internal variables.

Six digital inputs: digital inputs for those signals that are introduced to enable the different available functions in the software.

Six buttons:they are good to enable the digital inputs. When the button is pressed, the digital input will be activated, making what has been defined by the software.

Six switches: they have the same function as the buttons, but with the only difference that they are switches and, therefore, maintain the position fixed (open or closed).

Switch outfitter of digital inputs: there is a switch that enables the digital inputs. When the green LED is on, the inputs will be enabled.

Analog input: this input allows an analog use directly of the user. It is an A/D input.

Voltage supply: three sources of continuous in the unit. One of +24 V. DC, another of +12 V. DC and other of -12 V. DC.

Two potentiometers: they present three pegs.

Ignition switch: when the unit is on, the red LED is active an lighting.

Back panel:

Voltage supply that feeds the unit with 220 V of alternating current.

Three-phase output when solving: it is a three-phase output that feeds when you are solving and, therefore, allows their movement.

Connection port in series: it is a connection peg to connect the unit with the computer by the port in series, in order to allow the software to manage the encoder.

Connection with the feedback: it is a connection with the motor feedback. It allows the encoder to manage the motor.

Motor:

AC motor, 0.7 kW, 2.8 A ac, 4200 rpm, 320 V dc, 7.2 Nm, IP65, Sensor RESOLVER :1 Speed, 1X/RX, 3 phase.

②SERIN/CA/CCSOF. Computer Control +Data Acquisition+Data Management Software:

Compatible with actual Windows operating systems. Graphic and intuitive simulation of the process in screen. Compatible with the industry standards.

Registration and visualization of all process variables in an automatic and simultaneous way.

Flexible open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Comparative analysis of the obtained data, after the process and modification of the conditions during the process.

③Cables and Accessories, for normal operation.

④Manuals:

This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

Exercises and Practical Possibilities to be done with the Main Items

- 1.- Homing.
- 2.- Clutch/Control.
- 3.- Turn movement (w/correction phase).
- 4.- Registration movements.
- 5.- Dry movements.
- 6.- Stop and blockade. Transitory states.
- 7.- Stop and blockade. Influence on the filtered velocity.
- 8.- Transitory velocity study.
- 9.- Feedback gain manage.
- 10.-Modification of Feedback Parameters and Phases U, V and W.
- 11.-Use and modification of the feedback filters.
- 12.-Phase voltages U, V and W showing.

TENDER SPECIFICATIONS (for optional items)

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- Continuous communication between the instructor and all the users/students connected.

Main advantages:

- It allows an easier and quicker understanding.
- This system allows you can save time and cost.
- Future expansions with more EDIBON Units.

The system basically will consist of:

This system is used with a Computer Controlled Unit.

- Instructor's computer.
- Students' computers.
- Local Network.
- Unit-Control Interface adaptation.
- Unit Software adaptation.
- Webcam.
- MINI ESN Software to control the whole system.
- Cables and accessories required for a normal operation.

* Specifications subject to change without previous notice, due to the convenience of improvement of the product.



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REPRESENTATIVE:

